

**Informational Report Pursuant to
Executive Order 2023-03 – Nevada State Board of Medical Examiners**

Name of department, agency, board, or commission: Nevada State Board of Medical Examiners

Address: 9600 Gateway Drive

City: Reno

Zip: 89521

Telephone: 775-688-2559

Name of Director: Edward O. Cousineau, J.D.

Director Email: eocnsbme@medboard.nv.gov

Section 1 - Comprehensive Review of Regulations / Section 3 – Mandatory Meeting and Report

The above-named department, agency, board, or commission conducted a comprehensive review of the regulations subject to its enforcement that can be streamlined, clarified, reduced, or otherwise improved to ensure those regulations provide for the general welfare of the State without unnecessarily inhibiting economic growth. The regulations identified for Section 1 of Executive Order 2023-03 are listed below with the information as required on page 1 of the instruction sheet on the following pages of the report:

Regulation/ Information as required on page 1	Page number
1. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. The Board regularly reviews and updates its regulations every legislative interim period in order to ensure that its regulations are accurate and up-to-date with regard to statutory changes. The Board's regulations are up-to-date and necessary for the Board to carry out the provisions in NRS Chapter 630 as directed by the Nevada Legislature. The Board has no stakeholder input to include in this report because no stakeholders attended the Board's meeting on April 14, 2023.	

Section 2 – Regulation for Removal / Section 3 – Mandatory Meeting and Report

The above-named department, agency, board or commission conducted a comprehensive review of the regulations subject to its enforcement and identified the following ten (10) or more regulations recommended for removal. The regulations identified for Section 2 of Executive Order 2023-03, ranked in descending order of priority, are listed below with the information as required on page 1 of the instruction sheet on the following pages of the report:

Regulation/Information as required on page 1	Page number
1. NAC 630.700: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board's other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board's meeting on April 14, 2023.	
2. NAC 630.710: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board's other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as	

<p>the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>3. NAC 630.720: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>4. NAC 630.730: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>5. NAC 630.740: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for</p>	

<p>unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>6. NAC 630.750: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>7. NAC 630.760: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>8. NAC 630.770: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board’s meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>9. NAC 630.780: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board’s other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the</p>	

<p>same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board's meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	
<p>10. NAC 630.790: Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order 2023-004, licensure of perfusionists may not be necessary given that only 18 states license perfusionists. Further, there are approximately 95 licensed perfusionists in the State of Nevada which is dramatically less than the number of those licensed in the Board's other licensure categories. The Board held a meeting on Friday, April 14, 2023, at 10 a.m. to discuss a comprehensive review of its regulations, as well as the potential removal of the regulations governing perfusionists. This meeting was noticed in the same manner as a public hearing on regulations pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B. No written comment was received and no one attended the meeting. If licensure of perfusionists is removed, all current licensees will be affected as well as the locations where they are employed (organ transplant locations, such as hospitals). There will be a beneficial effect of reduced costs with regard to the payment of licensing fees to perfusionists and/or hospitals as well as removing the requirement that applications and/or license renewal applications be completed and submitted to the Board. There will be cost savings to the Board when removing perfusionists as a license type. Adverse effects to persons and businesses may include issues relating to insurance payments for unlicensed personnel. The effects of removing perfusionists as a licensed profession in the State of Nevada are estimates from Board staff because no stakeholders attended the Board's meeting on April 14, 2023.</p>	

Question	Answer
<p>Name of occupational or professional Licensing Board: Nevada State Board of Medical Examiners Address: 9600 Gateway Drive City: Reno Zip: 89521 Telephone: 775-688-2559 Director Name: Edward O. Cousineau, J.D. Director Email: eocnsbme@medboard.nv.gov</p>	<p>Yes</p>
<p>Section 1: Has the above named occupational or professional licensing board suspended the creation of any new regulations that limit or otherwise impact the ability of persons to enter any occupation or profession in Nevada?:</p>	<p>Yes</p>

Section 2: Complete columns A-L below for each occupation or profession regulated by the Board.

List the Occupation or profession regulated by the Board (Name each occupation or profession on a separate line.)	List pertinent regulations pertaining to the entry into the occupation or profession	Provide the fees and other costs associated with the entry into the occupation or profession	Is an examination necessary for entry into the occupation or profession?	Are there any other requirements necessary for entry into the occupation or profession? (Please list, if any)	Provide the board's justification for the regulations, fees and other costs, examinations and other requirements necessary for entry into the occupation or profession	Do the majority of the states (26 or more) currently license the occupation or profession?	Identify any state compacts or any other pathways for licensure reciprocity that may exist regionally, nationally or internationally for the occupation or profession	Do the majority of states (26 or more) allow for license reciprocity for the occupation or profession?	Does Nevada currently participate in any reciprocity program for the occupation or profession?	If Nevada does not currently participate in any reciprocity program for the occupation or profession, provide a justification as to why	Provide any recommended revisions to the current regulatory construct that would expedite licensure for the occupation or profession	Section 3: A response in column M is required in any cell that has not been blacked out, which is based on your response in column (G).	Section 4: A response in column N is required in any cell that has not been blacked out, which is based on your response in columns (I) and (J)
Physicians (M.D.)	Licensure requirements are contained in statute (NRS Chapter 630). Regulations NAC 630.050 through NAC 630.180 supplement and further explain the statutory licensure provisions.	Application fees vary depending on the M.D. license type. M.D., M.D. Administrative, and M.D. Endorsement pay \$600 application fee. M.D. Special Purpose and M.D. Locum Tenens or M.D. Temp pay \$400 application fee. M.D. Endorsement for military or military spouses or veterans or surviving spouses pay \$300 application fee. Registration fees for all M.D. licenses is \$750 for two years.	Yes	Graduation from approved medical school with degree of doctor of medicine; completed postgraduate training required for his or her specialty.	Requirements for passing an examination, graduation from an approved medical school with degree of doctor of medicine, and completed postgraduate training are set by the Nevada Legislature and not the Board. However, the Board believes that these requirements are necessary to ensure the safety of the public when receiving medical care and these requirements are aligned with the requirements for licensing physicians (M.D.) across the country. The Nevada Legislature set the maximum amount of the fees that may be charged for applications and biennium registration fees for physicians. The maximum fees authorized by the Nevada Legislature for applications and biennium registration have not been increased by the Nevada Legislature since 2001. The Board charges these fees in order to support its operations.	Yes	Nevada is a member of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, enacted in NRS Chapter 629A for both M.D. physicians and D.O. physicians licensed in this State. The Board also has statutes authorizing licensure by endorsement for physicians in NRS 630.1605, NRS 630.1606, and NRS 630.1607.	Yes	Yes	Not applicable. Nevada is a member of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact and also has endorsement statutes codified in NRS 630.1605, NRS 630.1606, and NRS 630.1607 for physicians.	No recommendations.	Provide a recommendation for phasing out the licensing requirement for the occupation or profession that is not subject to licensure requirements in the majority of states (26 or more) (for any "No" answers in column (G))	Provide a recommendation for implementing a program for reciprocity for the occupation or profession that is currently licensed in Nevada, where a majority of states (26 or more) allows for reciprocity, but Nevada does not currently participate in any reciprocity program for the occupation or profession (for any "Yes" answers in column (I) combined with any "No" answers in column (J))
Physician Assistant	Licensure requirements are contained in statute (NRS Chapter 630). Regulations NAC 630.280 through NAC 630.375 supplement and further explain the statutory licensure provisions.	Application fees for physician assistants are \$300 and biennium registration fees are \$375.	Yes	Graduation from an approved physician assistant training program and national certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.	These licensing requirements are necessary for ensuring the protection of the public when receiving medical services provided by physician assistants. Further, these requirements are aligned with the requirements for licensing physician assistants across the country. The maximum fees authorized by the Nevada Legislature for applications and biennium registration have not been increased by the Nevada Legislature since 2001. The Board charges these fees in order to support its operations.	Yes	There is a new Physician Assistant Licensure Compact. On March 14, 2023, Utah was the first state to join this Compact. The Board has two statutes that authorize the issuance of physician assistant licenses by endorsement, NRS 630.2751 and NRS 630.2752.	No	No	Nevada has endorsement statutes codified in NRS 630.2751 and NRS 630.2752. There is not currently a national reciprocity program for the Board to participate in.	If the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact were to gain more member states, joining this Compact would potentially decrease licensure timelines for physician assistant applicants for licensure.		

Practitioners of Respiratory Care	<p>Licensure requirements are contained in statute (NRS Chapter 630). Regulations NAC 630.500 through 630.535 supplement and further explain the statutory licensure provisions.</p>	<p>Application fees for practitioners of respiratory care are \$100 and biennium registration fees are \$185.</p>	Yes	<p>Completion of an approved educational program for respiratory care and certification from the National Board for Respiratory Care.</p>	<p>These licensing requirements are necessary for ensuring the protection of the public when receiving medical services provided by practitioners of respiratory care. Further, these requirements are aligned with the requirements for licensing practitioners of respiratory care across the country. The maximum fees authorized by the Nevada Legislature for applications and biennium registration have not been increased by the Nevada Legislature since 2001. The Board charges much less than the maximum authorized by the Nevada Legislature for both applications (maximum is \$400) and biennial registration (maximum is \$600). The Board charges these fees in order to support its operations.</p>	Yes	<p>The Board is not aware of a national compact or other process for reciprocity for practitioners of respiratory care. The Board adopted LCB File No. R009-19 that is not yet codified. This regulation allows for licensure by endorsement for practitioners of respiratory care.</p>	No	No	<p>Nevada has endorsement provisions contained in LCB File No. R009-19. There is currently not a national reciprocity program for the Board to participate in.</p>	No recommendations.	
Perfusionists	<p>Licensure requirements are contained in statute (NRS Chapter 630). Regulations NAC 630.700 through 630.770 supplement and further explain the statutory licensure provisions.</p>	<p>Application fees for perfusionists are \$300 and biennium registration fees are \$375.</p>	Yes	<p>Completion of an approved educational program for perfusion and certification from the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion.</p>	<p>These licensing requirements are necessary for ensuring the protection of the public when receiving medical services provided by perfusionists. The maximum fees authorized by the Nevada Legislature for applications and biennium registration have not been increased by the Nevada Legislature since licensure for perfusionists was enacted in 2009. The Board charges less than the maximum authorized by the Nevada Legislature for both applications (maximum is \$400) and biennial registration (maximum is \$600). The Board charges these fees in order to support its operations.</p>	No	<p>The Board is not aware of a national compact or other process for reciprocity for perfusionists. The Board adopted LCB File No. R010-19 that is not yet codified. This regulation allows for licensure by endorsement for perfusionists.</p>	No	No	<p>Nevada has endorsement provisions contained in LCB File No. R010-19. There is currently not a national reciprocity program for the Board to participate in.</p>	No recommendations.	<p>If the Nevada Legislature repeals the requirements for perfusionists to be licensed in Nevada, the Board will stop licensing them and review and update its regulations to reflect that perfusionists will no longer be licensed by the Board. The ideal time to phase out licensure would be starting on July 1 of an odd-numbered year (all licenses for all license types issued by the Board expire on June 30 of odd-numbered years). The Board would place notices about this on its website and send notices out to all licensed perfusionists in the State about the change. There are approximately 94 active perfusionists licensed in Nevada at this time.</p>

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